

Math 474 - Homework # 3
Conditional Probability, Law of Total Probability,
Independence

1. A 6-sided die is rolled twice. Let A denote the event that the sum of the outcomes is odd and B denote the event that the die lands on a 2 on the first toss. Are A and B independent events? Why or why not?
2. Suppose you play the following game. First, you roll a 4-sided die. Then you flip a coin. Further suppose that the 4-sided die is weighted so that a 1 occurs about once in every six rolls, a 2 occurs about once in every six rolls, a 3 occurs about once in every six rolls, and a 4 occurs about three times in every six rolls.
 - (a) Construct a probability space S and probability function P . Calculate P on all the elements of S .
 - (b) Let A be the event that you get a 1 on the die. Let B be the event that you get heads on the coin. Are A and B independent in your probability space?
3. Suppose that two 6-sided dice have been thrown. Suppose you can't see the outcome of the dice, but someone tells you that the sum of the dice is divisible by 5. What is the probability that both of the dice have landed on 5's.
4. From an ordinary 52 card deck, cards are drawn one by one, at random, and without replacing them back into the deck. What is the probability that the 4th heart is drawn on the 10th draw? For example, such a sequence could be as follows: $K\heartsuit, 9\clubsuit, 9\spadesuit, 4\diamondsuit, 5\heartsuit, 2\clubsuit, A\clubsuit, 8\heartsuit, 7\diamondsuit, A\heartsuit$.

[Hint: Let F denote the event that in the first nine draws there are exactly three hearts and E be the event that the tenth draw is a heart. Use $P(F \cap E) = P(F)P(E|F)$.]
5. Suppose that there are 2 urns. Urn 1 contains 3 white balls and 3 red balls. Urn 2 contains 4 white balls and 2 red balls. Suppose you do this experiment. You flip a coin. If tails comes up then you pick a ball from urn 1. If heads comes up then you pick a ball from urn 2.

- (a) When you do the above experiment, what is the probability of picking a red ball?
 - (b) When you do the above experiment, what is the probability of picking a white ball?
6. Suppose that there are three cards. The first card is red on both sides. The second card is black on both sides. The third card is black on one side and red on the other side. The three cards are mixed up in a hat. Then one card is randomly drawn from the hat and put down on the ground. If the upper side of the chosen card is red, what is the probability that the other side is black?
 7. An urn contains 10 white and 12 red chips. Two chips are drawn at random and without looking at their colors are discarded (i.e. not put back into the urn). Then a third chip is drawn from the urn. What is the probability that the third chip is red?
 8. A person has six bow and arrows. The probability of hitting a target when properly aimed and fired are 0.6, 0.5, 0.7, 0.9, 0.7, and 0.8, respectively. What is the probability of hitting a target if a bow is selected at random, aimed properly, and fired?
 9. A box contains 7 red and 13 blue balls. Two balls are selected at random and are discarded without their colors being seen. If a third ball is drawn randomly and observed to be red, what is the probability that both of the discarded balls were blue?